

Que dois-je faire en cas de suspicion d'aortopathie génétique?



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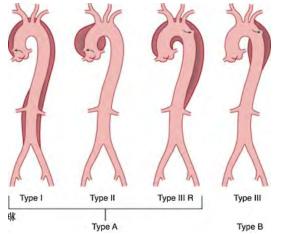
- Quand la suspecter?
- Comment procéder?

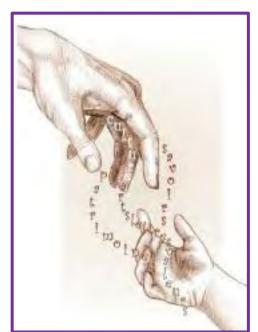




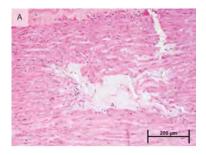
Histoire familiale

• Evénement aortique aigu à un jeune âge





Anomalies anatomopathologiques



Dépistage anténatal d'anomalies du cœur gauche



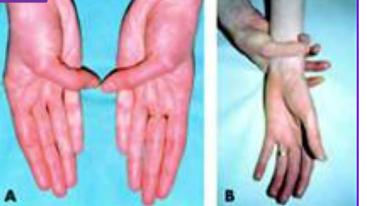


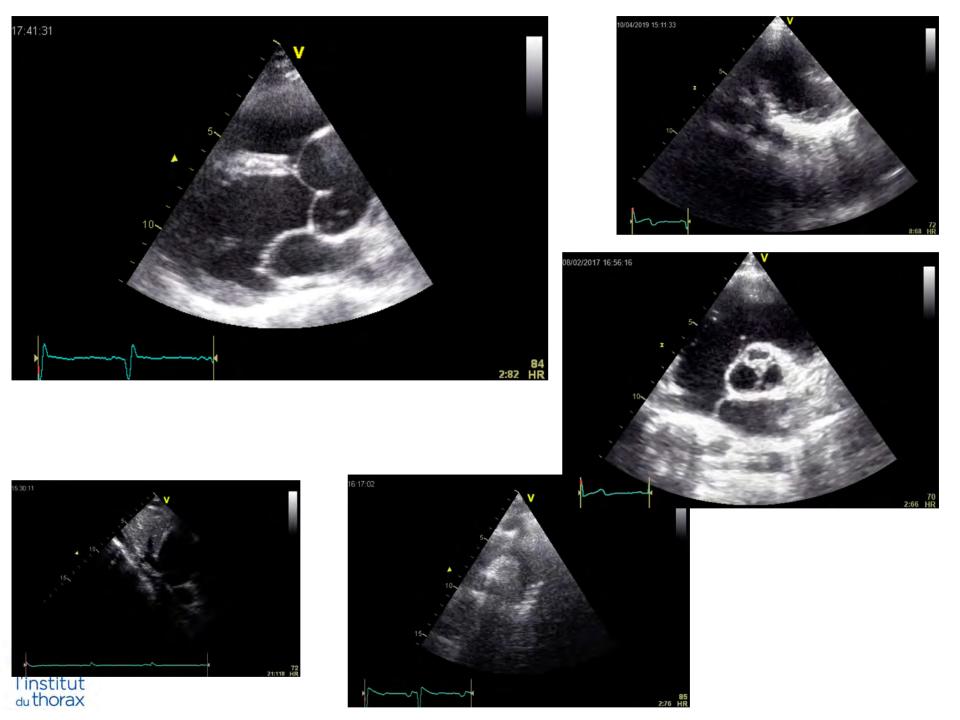


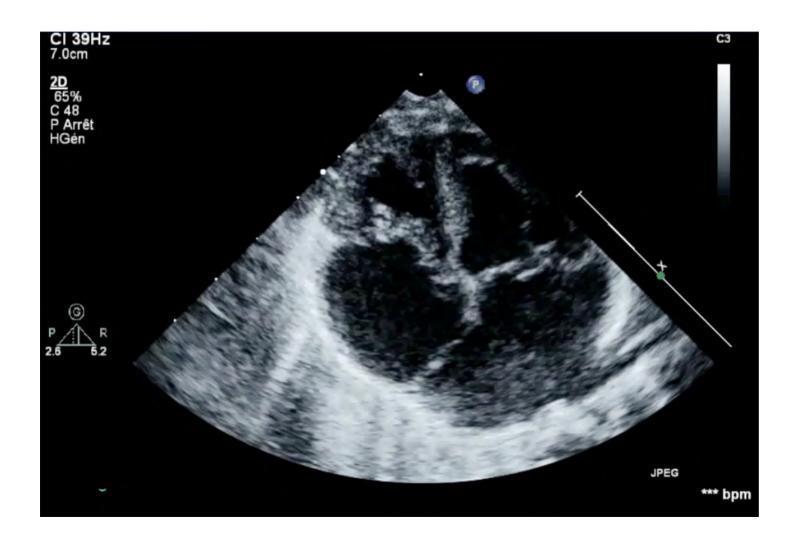






















Critères de Ghent modifiés

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Diagnostic criteria
       In the absence of family history
               Ao (Z \ge 2) and
                      FBN1 = MFS
                      EL = MFS
                      Syst (≥ 7pts) = MFS
               EL with or without Syst and
                      FBN1 with known Ao = MFS
                      FBN1 not known with Ao or no FBN1 = ELS
               Ao (Z < 2) and Syst (\ge 5) without EL = MASS
               MVP and Ao (Z < 2) AND Syst (< 5) without EL = MVPS
       In the presence of family history:
               Ao (Z \ge 2 \text{ above } 20 \text{ years old.} \ge 3 \text{ below } 20 \text{ years}) = MFS
               EL = MFS
               Syst (\geq 7 pts) = MFS
Systemic score (maximum total: 20 points; score ≥ 7 indicates systemic involvement)
       Pectus
               Carinatum: 2
               Excavatum or chest asymmetry: 1
       Wrist and thumb sign: 3
               Wrist or thumb sign: 1
       Scoliosis or thoracolumbar kyphosis: 1
               No severe scoliosis and US/LS and arm span/height: 1
       Protrusio acetabuli: 2
       Elbow extension: 1
       Hindfoot deformity: 2
               Plain pes planus: 1
       Facial features (3/5): 1
               Dolichocephaly, enophthalmos, downslanting palpebral fissures, malar
               hypoplasia, retrognathia
       Dural ectasia: 2
       Pneumothorax: 2
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Skin striae: 1

Myopia > 3 diopters: 1

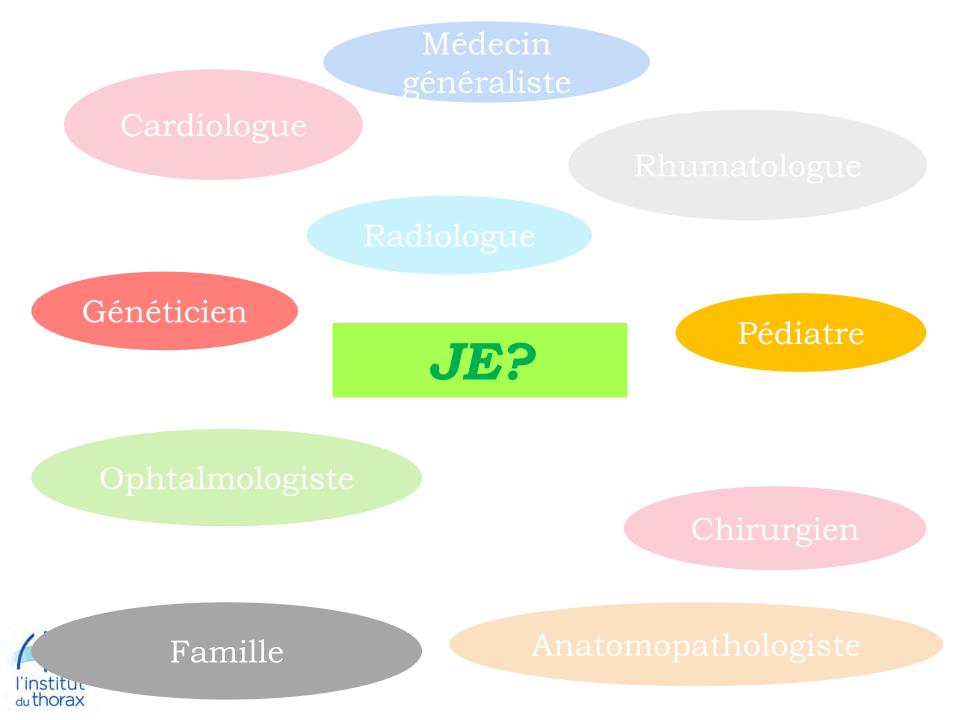
Mitral valve prolapse (all types): 1

Loeys et al. J Hum Genet 2010



- Quand la suspecter?
- Comment dois-je procéder?





Consultation de Cardiologie



non app

Consultation de Génétique clinique



Selon Campens

Am J Cardiol 114: 914-920.

Basé sur Campens, L. et al. 2014.

Selon Gautier - jusqu'à 18 ans

Basé sur Gautier, M. et al. 2010 Am J Cardiol 105: 888-894

Limite supérieure diamètre normal (Campens)

40.867E

Limite supérieure du diamètre nor-Z-Score (Gautier) mal (Gautier)

non app

2.27148

Z-Score (Campens)

Altération des composants structurels de la MEC

FBN1, FBN2, MFAP5, COL3A1, COL1A1, PLOD1,...

Altération des voies de signalisation du TGFB

TGFBR1, TGFBR2, SMAD3, TGFB1, TGFB2, SLC2A10, SMAD2, SMAD4

Anomalies des éléments cytosquelettiques et contractiles des cml

ACTA2, MYH11, MYLK1, PRKG1, FLNA

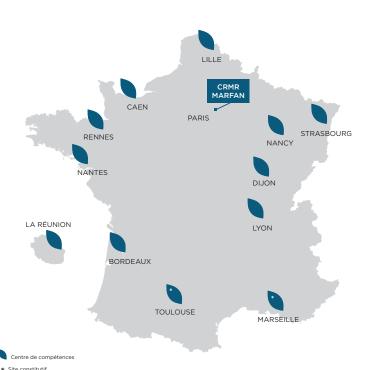


En cas de doute:

- > Enquête familiale
- ➤ Discussion multidisciplinaire



Centre de Référence Syndrome de Marfan et Apparentés - Paris



CRMR Centre de référence maladies rares

Staffs « Marfan »

